Fan name	Metrology and standardization . 4 ECTS
Subject/module code	MS1404
Science teachable	4 th semester
semesters	+ Schiester
Attached teacher	Rakhmonov Furqat Abdukhakimovich, Senior Lecturer
Education language	Uzbek
Connection to the	Compulsory
curriculum	Compulsory
	Total hours - 120.
	Contact hours -48.
Study hours (including	Lecture training hours - 24
independent learning)	Laboratory training hours - 12
	Practical training hours - 12
FOTO	Independent education -72 hour
ECTS	4
Science goals and objectives/	The goal of teaching science is to form and develop logical thinking
learning outcomes	and technological thinking in students, to teach them to clearly state their
	opinions and conclusions in a well-founded manner, and to include them in the content of science.
	The task of science. Within the framework of the issues to be
	addressed in the process of mastering the subject "Metrology and
	Standardization", the bachelor:
	- should know the types of measurements and test methods for
	evaluation; types of measurement systems developed in enterprises, their
	differences; types of audits and their procedures; procedures and stages
	of standardization of quality systems; procedures for inspection and
	control of standardization regulatory documents systems and the
	selection and use of international standards for specific conditions in
	these activities;
	- the student must have the skills to understand the requirements of the
	standards used in standardization; to organize the measurement system
	on a technical and economic basis based on the specifics of the product
	production technology; to understand and calculate production modes in
	the standardization of the measurement system; to correctly identify the
	objects of the system of regulatory documents taking into account
	technological parameters; It is important for students to master the
	subject of "Metrology and Standardization" to use advanced and modern
	teaching methods and introduce new information and pedagogical
	technologies.
	Learning outcomes: 1. " Metrology " and standardization " science studies its
	development, history and prospects.
	2. " Metrology " and standardization " describes the concepts of
	science
	3. " Metrology" and standardization " can apply qualitative and
	quantitative methods of science
	4. " Metrology" and standardization " the basic standards of science
	describes and can explain the difference between
	5. " Metrology" and standardization " can analyze the properties of
	science.
	6. " Metrology" and standardization " the basic laws and rules of
	science can explain.
	7. " Metrology" and standardization " one of the sciences how many
	methods hand takes .
	8. "Metrology" and standardization " can analyze the use of science
	in the field.
Course content (topics)	I. Home theoretical part (Lecture)

Subject 1: Introduction . Metrology and standardization science goal and tasks . Measurements unity provision system .

Subject 2: Of greatness size . Metrology in the field used main terms and definitions .

Subject 3: Metrological supply about concept . Metrological of supply goal and tasks .

Subject 4: Measurement of tools type confirm . Measure of tools metrological descriptions .

Subject 5: Measurement tools comparison. Measurement sectors.

Subject 6: Uzbekistan Republic of Standardization system Standardization system goal and tasks ..

Subject 7: Uzbekistan To standardize in the Republic circle normative documents Categories and their designation . Stages of development of regulatory documents.

 $\textbf{Subject 8:} \ \, \textbf{Standardization main regulations . Standardization about law essence .} \\$

Subject 9: Standards and measurement tools over state control . State metrological inspection and control application fields and objects .

Subject 10: Standard confirmation and state from the list transfer Product create and working to release organization system .

Subject 11: Standardization advantage aspects of standards to oneself typical Features . Standardization system .

Subject 12: Standardization methods

II. Guidelines and recommendations for organizing laboratory exercises.

In laboratory classes, students develop practical skills and competencies in conducting experiments, calculating and drawing tables and graphs. The recommended topics are selected based on opportunities and conditions.

Suggested topics for laboratory work:

- 1. Stangen tools with measurement their work to do.
- 2. Micrometric tools with measurement their work to do .
- 3. Ammeter and voltmeter from comparison transfer
- 4. Sound level meter device elements.
- 5. Ultrasonic thickness gauge for metal and plastic. (Leeb 332) device elements.
 - 6. Elements of the ultrasonic flaw detector CTS-9008 PLUS device.

III. Practical for training instructions and recommendations

The teacher's preparation for a practical session begins with studying the initial documents (curriculum, thematic plan, etc.) and ends with the development of a lesson plan. The teacher should have an idea of the goals and objectives of the practical session, as well as the amount of work that each student must perform.

Methodological guidelines are the teacher's main methodological document in preparing and conducting practical classes.

The goal of practical training is to understand theory and acquire skills. Its conscious application in educational and professional activities consists in developing the ability to confidently formulate one's own point of view.

Recommended practical topics:

- 1. Metrology in the field used main terms and definitions essence.
- 2. Metrological of supply main purpose.
- 3. Calculation of conditions of open electrical networks
- 4. Standardization system about main information place.
- 5. Standards and measurement tools over state control importance .
- 6. Standards confirmation and state from the list transfer order .

IV. Independent study and independent work.

Independent learning competence serves to support students'

independent self-development and increase the effectiveness professional activities. Students perform independent work on their mobile devices under the guidance of a teacher in a traditional or electronic form. **Recommended topics for independent study:** 1. Study the basic concepts and definitions of metrology. 2. Measurement types. 3. Studying standards, their types, development procedures, approval and registration procedures. 4. Study of standardization methods. 5. Study certification schemes. 6. Standardize and codify product information. 7. International organizations for metrology and standardization. 8. Metrology and metrological support 9. Modern measuring instruments and their descriptions 10. Estimating measurement uncertainty. 11. Ensuring the uniformity of measurements and standards. 12. Technical regulations and their development 13. The role and importance of standards in quality management 14. Certification and its legal and regulatory support. 15. Certification process in the release place. Exam form Written Teaching/learning Complete mastery of theoretical and methodological concepts and examination requirements practical knowledge of the discipline, the ability to correctly reflect the results of analysis, independently reason about the processes being studied and carry out tasks in the current, intermediate forms of control and independent work, pass written work on the final control. When drawing up final exam questions, deviations from the content of the discipline program are not allowed. The bank of final exam questions for each discipline is discussed at the meeting and approved by the head of the department. No later than 1 week before the start of the final control, tickets signed by the head of the department, enclosed in an envelope, are sealed by the Dean's office and opened 5 minutes before the start of the exam in the presence of students. Final exam duration is 80 minutes. Answers to final exam questions are recorded in copybooks with the seal of the Dean's office. After completion of the final work, the work is immediately encrypted by a representative of the Dean's office, and the copybooks are handed over to the commission for verification. From the moment of completion of the final exam, a period of 72 hours is allotted for checking and posting the results on the electronic platform. The teacher who taught the students in this discipline is not involved in the process of conducting the exam and checking the students' answers. Student(s) who are dissatisfied with the final exam results may submit a written or oral appeal within 24 hours of the publication of the final exam results. Complaints submitted after 24 hours from the publication of the final exam results will not be accepted. assessment CURRENT CONTROL Scope of criteria and procedure Purpose: Determining and assessing the student's level of knowledge, practical skills, and competencies on course topics. Instructions: The student's activity in daily classes is assessed through the student's mastery of course topics, as well as constructively interpreting and analyzing the educational material, developing modulespecific skills, acquiring practical skills (in terms of quality and the specified number) and competencies, solving problem situations aimed at applying professional practical skills, working in a team, preparing

presentations, etc.

Current control form: Activity in lessons Preparing educational materials Working with sources within the subject Using educational technologies Working in a team Preparing presentations Working with projects.

MIDTERM CONTROL

Purpose: Assessing the student's knowledge and practical skills and level of mastery of lecture material after completing the relevant section of the course.

Form and procedure of intermediate control: Midterm examination is held during the semester during the training sessions after the completion of the relevant module of the curriculum of the subject. Midterm examination is held once in written form within the framework of this subject. Midterm examination questions cover all topics of the subject.

INDEPENDENT LEARNING

Purpose: Independent learning is aimed at fully covering the content of this course, expanding the theoretical knowledge acquired, and establishing independent learning activities for students.

Form and procedure of independent education: independent work assignments are completed in the form of an educational project, presentation, case study, problem solving, information search, digest, colloquium, essay, article, abstract, etc. Completed assignments for independent study are placed in the electronic system and checked based on the anti-plagiarism program and evaluated by the subject teacher.

In this case, the uniqueness of the completed assignment should not be less than 60%, otherwise the assignment will not be accepted for assessment. The number of independent work assignments, depending on the nature of the subject, should not be less than 3 for one subject (module). Independent work assignments account for 60% of the points allocated for current and intermediate control.

FINAL CONTROL

Purpose: The final examination is held at the end of the semester to determine the level of mastery of the student's theoretical knowledge and practical skills in the relevant subject. The final examination is held at a specified time according to the examination schedule created by the Registrar's Office on the electronic platform.

Requirements: The student must have passed the current control, intermediate control and independent learning assignments by the deadline for the final control type in the relevant subject. A student who has not passed the current control, intermediate control and independent learning assignments, as well as who has received a score in the range of "0-29.9" for these assignments and control types, is not included in the final control type. Also, a student who has missed 25 percent or more of the classroom hours allocated to a subject without a reason is excluded from this subject and is not included in the final control type and is considered not to have mastered the relevant credits in this subject. A student who has not passed or was not included in the final control type and has received a score in the range of "0-29.9" for this type of control is considered to be an academic debtor.

Final control form: The final examination in this subject will be conducted in written form. If the final examination is conducted in written form, the requirements for assessment must also be reflected.

Criteria	for	assessing					
student knowledge							

5 grade	100 points		Assessment criteria				
5	90-100	Excellent	When a student is considered to be able to make independent conclusions and decisions, think creatively, observe independently, apply the knowledge he has gained in practice, understand,				

					of the sul	the essence n idea about	
	4	70-89,9	Good		able to of the known practice, and narra	e student is considered to be observe independently, apply wledge he has gained in understand, know, express, ate the essence of the subject, in idea about the subject.	
	3	60-69,9	Satisfactory When the apply the practice, express, a			student is found to be able to knowledge he has gained in understands, knows, can and narrate the essence of the and has an idea about the	
	2	0-59,9	Unsatisfact	When it is determined that the stu has not mastered the science progr			ence program, essence of the
Course assessment criteria and procedure	Ass	sessment type	t Total Control points (task) form			Distribution of points	Qualifying score
					stem tasks	20 points (divided by the number of tasks)	
	Current assessment		30 points	ac se pr	Student tivity (in eminars, ractical, boratory classes)	10 points	18 points
				Sup	pervision: itten work	10 points	
	Midterm assessment		20 points	System tasks		10 points (divided by the number of tasks)	12 points
	Final assessment		50 points	Written assignment (5 questions)		50 points (10 points per question)	30 points
	* Note: 60% of the points allocated for current and intermediate control are allocated to independent work assignments. Independent work assignments are evaluated as system assignments through the electronic platform.						
Recommended	Main literature:						
Literature	 1.Badalov.N.J. Metralogy and standardization. Darislik. 2023. 303 pp. 2.Ismatullaev P.R., Matyakubova P.M., Turaev SH.A. Metrology, standardization and certification. Textbook. "Lisson-press", Tashkent, 2015423b. 						
	 3. A.Salimov. Mahsulotlar sifatini aniqlash va sertifikatlash. Darslik. Toshkent. 2019. 210 b. 4. M.T.Magrupova. Sifatni boshqarishning statistik usullari.O`quv 						
	qo`llanma. Toshkent. Fan va texnologiya. 2019. 154 b. 5. F.A.Rahmonov. Mahsulot sifati nazorati. Darslik. Jizzax. 2023. 130 b.						
	6. F.M. Israilov. Oʻlchash vositalarini qiyoslash va kalibrlash: ta'lim bakalavriat talabalari uchun moʻljallangan darslik. Jizz 2022. (92) b						-

Additional literature:

- 7. B.Mukhammadiyev . A.Abdurakhmanov. Textbook on"Construction of measuring instruments " 2023.
- 8. A.Abdurakhmanov. Measurement uncertainty in science and technology textbook 2022.
- 9. Abduvaliev A. A., Latipov V. B., Umarov A. S. Alimov M. N., Khakmov O.SH., Shaozimov U. X. Metrology and standardization. T.:
- 10. Shaozimov U. X. Metrology and standardization. T. "Science and technology", 2019. 204.

Internet sources:

- 1.http:\\www.gov.uz -Official website of the Government of the Republic of Uzbekistan.
- 2.http:\\www.lex.uz -National database of legislative acts of the Republic of Uzbekistan
 - 3.http:\\www.standart.uz -Uzstandart agency
- 4.http:\\www.smsiti.uz -Scientific Research Institute of Standardization, Metrology and certification
- 5. http:\\www.easc.org.by -Interstate Council for Standardization, Metrology and Certification of the Commonwealth of Independent States.
 - 6.http:\\www.ziyonet.uz Education portal
 - 7.http:\\www.window.edu.ru the whole Russian education portal