Fan name	Theoretical electrical engineering (ECTS 9)
Subject/module code	NAZEL13409
Science taught semester	
(s).	3 rd and 4 th semester
Responsible teacher	Akhmedov Abdurauf, Senior teacher
Education language	Uzbek
Study to the program connection	Compulsory
	Total hours - 270.
Training hours (this	Auditory training hours - 108.
including independent	Lecture hours - 48
education)	Laboratory study hours - 30
,	Practical study hours - 30
ECTO	Independent education -162 hour
ECTS	9
The purpose and tasks of	The purpose of teaching the subject to solve the problem of preparing
subject / learning outcomes	future specialists, while developing skills and competencies in the electromagnetic field, a form of matter, and the processes that occur in its
	various devices, methods of analysis, synthesis, and calculation of electric and
	magnetic fields.
	The task of the subject is to equip students with theoretical knowledge,
	practical skills, and the ability to analyze and synthesize the theory of electrical
	circuits.
	The task of the discipline "Theoretical Electrical Engineering" is to provide
	its students with:
	-elements of electrical circuits and their basic concepts
	-Basic laws and calculation methods for analyzing constant and alternating
	current circuits;
	 -resonance phenomena, self-inductance and mutual inductance; -three-phase circuits, periodic non-sinusoidal currents in electrical circuits; -linear electrical circuits transient processes;
	 basic principles and calculation methods of quadrupoles, electrical filters, and discrete-parameter circuits;
	-theory of nonlinear electrical circuits;
	-aimed at analyzing electromagnetic field theory and mastering its
	synthesis.
	Learning outcomes:
	1. DC linear electrical circuits and methods for their calculation are studied.
	2. Electric current. Current density. Ohm's law. Electric energy and electric
	power. Construction of topological equations of complex electric circuits based
	on Kirchhoff's laws. Equivalent transformation of circuits consisting of series,
	parallel and mixed connected elements. Equivalent transformations of a
	triangle of resistances into a star of resistances and vice versa. Proportional
	contour currents and node potentials and the principle of superposition of the two node method and its application in the calculation of electric circuits are
	two-node method and its application in the calculation of electric circuits are studied.
	3. Single-phase sinusoidal current linear electrical circuits are studied.
	4. Can explain the difference between three-phase electrical circuits and.
	5. Nonsinusoidal periodic quantities. Nonsinusoidal current circuits. The
	concept of nonsinusoidal current. Fourier series.
	6. Transient processes in electrical circuits. Concept of transient processes.
	Laws of switching.
Course content (topics)	I. Main Theoretical Part (Lecture Sessions)
	Topic 1: Introduction to the subject of "Theoretical Electrical
	Engineering".
	The role and importance of theoretical electrical engineering in
	modern science and technology and in production. Description, history

and future development of modern electrical devices. About the science of "theoretical electrical engineering". The concept of the electromagnetic field and integral quantities used in the theory of electrical circuits. Methods for calculating electrical circuits and their parameters. Basic circuit diagrams of electrical circuits and their concepts, classification laws and electrical methods. The development of electrical engineering and its connection with information computing and automation. Charge. Electric current. Potential and voltage. Power. Energy.

Topic 2: Complexly connected electrical circuits. Concept of electrical circuits and elements. Resistive, capacitive and inductive elements. Ohm's law. Law of electromagnetic induction. Voltage and current sources. Circuit and its topological forms.

Topic 3: Methods for calculating electrical circuits.

Kirchhoff's laws. Calculation of simple electrical circuits. Circuits with elements connected in series, parallel and mixed. Calculation of complex electrical circuits. Methods of contour currents and node potentials. Matrix form. Superposition principle. Equivalent generator method.

Topic 4: Alternating current electrical circuits. Sinusoidal current electrical circuits. Concept of sinusoidal current generation and electric generators. Concepts of frequency, period, phase, initial phase and amplitude. Effective (effective) and average values of voltage, e.u.k.

Topic 5: Representation of sinusoidal currents and voltages with vectors and complex numbers. Power. Currents and voltages in circuits with resistors, inductors, and capacitors connected in series. Vector diagrams.

Topic 6: Resonance in electrical circuits. Triangles of resistances and voltages. Voltage resonance. Currents and voltages in circuits with active conductivity, inductive and capacitive elements connected in parallel. Triangles of conductivity and currents. Current resonance.

Topic 7: Inductively coupled circuits. Mutually inductively coupled circuits. Calculation of mutually inductively coupled circuits. Matching, opposing series and parallel connection of two coils. Concept of transformers. Their useful work coefficient and vector diagram.

Topic 8: Three-phase circuits Three-phase electrical circuits.

Concept of three-phase electrical circuits. Connecting consumers in "star" and "delta" configurations. Symmetrical and unsymmetrical systems. Rotating magnetic field. Concept of asynchronous machines. Measuring power in three-phase circuits.

Topic 9: Non-sinusoidal periodic quantities. Non-sinusoidal current circuits. The concept of non-sinusoidal current. Fourier series. Effective and average values and power of non-sinusoidal quantities. Calculation of electrical circuits connected to a non-sinusoidal power source.

Topic 10: Transient processes in electrical circuits.Transient processes.Concept of transient processes.Commutation laws.Classical calculation of transient processes in simple electrical circuits.Aperiodic, limit aperiodic and oscillatory discharge of a capacitor.Operator calculation of transient processes.Image and original concepts.Laplace transform.Operator form of Ohm's and Kirchhoff's laws.Operator circuit.Propagation theorem.Duhamel integral.

Topic 11: Quadruplets.Passive Quadrupoles and their equations and constants. Equivalent circuits. Connections of quadrupoles. Graphs of quadrupoles and their matrices. Transfer functions of quadrupoles.

Topic 12: Circuit diagrams, filters.

Basic concepts and classification of frequency-division filters. Lowpass filters. High-pass filters, band-pass filters. Methods of calculating filters. **Topic 13:** Electrical circuits with scattered parameters.

Basic concepts of electrical circuits with discrete parameters. Equations of a homogeneous line. Operation of a line in a sinusoidal mode, traveling waves. Standing waves.

Topic 14: Nonlinear circuits. Theory of nonlinear electrical circuits. Elements of nonlinear resistive electrical circuits, their parameters and characteristics. Properties, characteristics and parameters of a ferromagnetic core coil. Capacitors with nonlinear characteristics. Calculation of DC nonlinear electrical and magnetic circuits. Series and parallel circuits with a ferromagnetic core and mixed-connected sections composed of nonlinear elements with and without a source. Calculation of networked magnetic circuits. Periodic processes in nonlinear electrical and magnetic circuits. Characteristics of periodic processes in electrical circuits with nonlinear elements. Equivalent sinusoidal method. Forms of current, magnetic flux and e.u.k. in a ferromagnetic core coil. Equation, vector diagram and equivalent circuit of a ferromagnetic core transformer. Ferroresonance phenomena occurring in a series and parallel connected ferromagnetic core coil and capacitor circuit. Ferromagnetic voltage stabilizer. Ferromagnetic power amplifier. Ferromagnetic frequency doubler

Topic 15: Calculation of transient processes in nonlinear electrical circuits. Methods for calculating transient processes and elements of the theory of oscillations in linear and curved circuits. Characteristics of oscillatory processes in linear and nonlinear circuits. Steady state in a nonlinear active resistance and capacitive circuit. Stability of the regime in a circuit with nonlinear resistance and inductive elements. Stability criterion. Excitation of self-oscillation in a nonlinear system with feedback. Autogenerator. Methods for calculating transient processes in nonlinear electrical circuits. Graphical integration method. Analytical calculation method. Successive interval method. Calculation of transient processes based on the conditional linearization of the circuit equation. Representation of transient processes in the phase plane.

Topic 16: Electromagnetic field theory

Integral form of the electromagnetic field equation and electric and magnetic field constants. Some concepts of vector analysis. Differential form of the electromagnetic field equation. Electrostatic field. Electric potential gradient. Poisson's and Laplace's equations. Electric field through a charged axis and a circular cross-section.

Topic 17: Homogeneous electromagnetic theory.

Dielectric cylinder and sphere in a uniform external field. Method of representation. Expression of mechanical force in the form of the volumetric density of electric field energy and the derivative of the electric field energy with respect to the coordinate in which it changes. Energy of the field of a system of charged bodies.

Topic 18: Calculation of the magnetic field of a constant current.

Constant current magnetic field. Scalar and vector potential of a magnetic field. Electromagnetic field. Maxwell's equations I and II. Electromagnetic field energy. Umov-Poyting theorem.

II. Guidelines and recommendations for organizing laboratory exercises.

In laboratory classes, students develop practical skills and competencies in calculating and drawing tables and graphs, conducting experiments, and analyzing various indicators of processes in electrical networks and systems. The proposed topics are selected based on opportunities and conditions.

Recommended topics for laboratory work:

1. Series connection of energy consumers in an alternating current

 circuit. 3. Mixed connection of energy consumers in an alternating current circuit. 4. Study of the phenomenon of mutual inductance in alternating current circuits. 5. The phenomenon of resonance in a circuit whose elements are connected in parallel. 7. Study of three-phase electrical circuits connected in a star and star connection. 8. Study of three-phase electrical circuits connected in a consumer triangle. 9. Checking non-sinusoidal quantities in electrical circuits. 10. Investigating the transition process of a capacitor from active resistance to inductance during discharge. 11. Experimental determination of the parameters of passive quadrupole. 12. Study of distributed parameter power networks. 13. Study of distributed parameter power networks. 14. Study of a ferromagnetic power amplifier. 18. Study of a ferromagnetic power amplifier. 19. Investigating the transition for a practical session begins with studying the initial documents (curriculum, thematic plan, etc.) and ends with the development of a testor plan. The teacher's meantarian for a practical session begins with studying the initial documents (curriculum, thematic plan, etc.) and ends with the development of a lesson plan. The teacher's main methodological document in preparing and conducting practical classes. The goal of practical training is to understand theory and acquire skills. Its conscious application in educational and professional activities consists in development. Acalculation of sinusoidal current and linear electrical circuits. Chacitation of inductively coupled electrical circuits. Chacutation of sinusoidal current and linear electrical circuits. Chacutation of inductively coupled electrical circuits. Chacutation of inductively coupled electrical circuits. Chacutation of inductively coupled electrical circuits. Chacutation of inter-ph	
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14. Calculation of DC nonlinear electrical circuits.	
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	15. Calculation of DC nonlinear magnetic circuits.
	16. Calculation of nonlinear DC magnetic circuits.
	17. Approximation of nonlinear characteristics.
	18. Equivalent sinusoid method.
	19. Periodic processes in nonlinear electric and magnetic circuits.
	20. Assignment to calculate nonlinear alternating current electrical
	circuits.
	21. Calculation of periodic processes by effective values of nonlinear
	chains.
	22. Calculation of electrical circuits with controlled nonlinear
	elements.
	23. Calculation of transient processes in nonlinear circuits.
	24.Electrostatic field.
	25. Image method.
	26.Calculation of electrical capacity.
	27. Calculation of the electric field of a constant current.
	28. Calculation of the magnetic field of a constant current.
	26. Euleulation of the magnetic field of a constant current.
	IV. Independent study and independent work.
	Independent learning competence serves to support students'
	independent self-development and increase the effectiveness of
	professional activities. Students perform independent work on their
	mobile devices under the guidance of a teacher in a traditional or electronic form.
	Recommended topics for independent study:
	1. Calculation of DC electrical circuits.
	2. Calculation of alternating current electrical circuits using a
	symbolic method.
	3. Calculation of three-phase electrical circuits.
	4. Calculation of quadrupoles using the matrix method.
	5. Calculation of transient processes in linear electrical circuits using
	the classical method.
	6. Calculation of transient processes in linear electrical circuits using
	the operator method.
	7. Propagation theorem. Duhamel integral.
	8. Calculation of a three-phase alternating current circuit.
	9. Calculation of a constant current magnetic circuit.
	10. Calculation of a nonlinear AC electrical circuit
Student assessment	Assessment of student knowledge is based on the mastery of teaching
	materials (tests, assignments, written and oral work results) during the
	semester and final examination.
	During the Theoretical electrical engineering course, students are
	assessed on a 100-point scale. Of these, 50 points are allocated to the
	current and intermediate results (60% of the 50 points are current
	control, independent study and 40% intermediate control), and 50 points
	are allocated to the final control result. Students whose total current and
	intermediate scores are less than 30 points are not admitted to the final
	control exam. A student who scores 30 or more points in the final
	control is considered to have mastered the subject.
Requirements for exams	The student must have fully mastered the theoretical and practical
L	concepts of the subject, be able to correctly reflect the results of the
	analysis. The student must have completed the tasks given in the current
	and intermediate forms of independent work, assessment. At the same
	time, he must have received the necessary points from the current,
	intermediate, independent education and final tests in the relevant
	subject within the specified time.
	A student who has not submitted current control, intermediate
L	A suucht who has not suomitted current control, intermediate

	control and independent education tasks, as well as who has scored less than 30 points on these tasks and types of control, will not be included in the final type of control.
	Also, a student who has missed 25 or more percent of the classroom
	hours allocated to the subject without an excuse will be expelled from
	this subject, will not be allowed to take the final exam and will be
	considered as not having mastered the relevant credits in this subject.
	A student who fails the final exam or scores less than 30 points on
	this type of exam is considered academically indebted.
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