Fan name	Electrical technical materials (ECTS 5)
Subject/module code	ETM2405
Science taught semester (s).	4 <sup>th</sup> semester
Responsible teacher	Akhmedov Abdurauf Abdugʻani oʻgʻli, Senior teacher.
Education language	Uzbek
Connection to the curriculum	Elective
	Total hours - 150.
Training hours (this	Auditory training hours - 60.
Training hours (this including independent	Lecture training hours - 30
education)	Laboratory training hours - 15
	Practical training hours - 15
	Independent education -90 hours
ECTS	5
The purpose and tasks of	The purpose of teaching the subject is to prepare specialists who can
subject / learning outcomes	practically apply the elements of electrical engineering, micro- and
	nanoelectronics. This subject provides initial information about the properties
	of materials used in various electrical devices, as well as their basic operating
	principles. <b>The task of the subject</b> is to form theoretical and practical knowledge in
	students on the in-depth study of the base of "Electrical Technical Materials"
	and the analysis of their main properties from a physical, mechanical,
	chemical, and technological perspective.
	Learning outcomes:
	1. Knowledge of the importance of electrical engineering materials science
	and
	to have a skill.
	2. Electrical engineering materials, Semiconductor microelectronic devices
	have the skills to use nanoelectronic materials
	to be.
	3. The development of electrical engineering materials, widely used in the
	electrical engineering industry must have knowledge and skills about its application.
Course content ( topics )	I. Home Theoretical Part (Lecture Sessions)
course content (topies)	<b>Topic 1:</b> Introduction. The role of electrical materials in modern
	electrical engineering. Aggregate states of matter. Defects in crystals. Point and line defects
	<b>Topic 2:</b> Polarization of dielectrics.
	<b>Topic 3:</b> Electrical conductivity of dielectrics
	Topic t 4: Energy losses in dielectrics. Calculation of the dissipation
	angle $\delta$ or tangent of this angle tg $\delta$ in dielectrics. Dissipations in gases,
	liquids and solid dielectrics. Nonpolar dielectric dissipation. Dissipation
	in polar liquids. Dependence of energy dissipation in liquid dielectrics on viscosity. Dielectric dissipation in a solid with an ionic structure
	viscosity. Dielectric dissipation in a solid with an ionic structure. Dielectric dissipation in ferroelectrics
	<b>Topic 5:</b> Breakdown of dielectrics. Breakdown voltage of dielectrics.
	Dielectric strength of dielectrics. Electrical strength of air. Electrical
	strength of liquid dielectrics. Breakdown of solid dielectrics. Electrical
	breakdown of macroscopically homogeneous dielectrics; electrical
	breakdown of inhomogeneous dielectrics; thermal breakdown;
	electrochemical breakdown.
	Topic 6: Electrical engineering materials – Electrical properties of
	dielectrics
	<b>Topic 7:</b> Thermal characteristics of electrical technical materials
	<b>Topic 8:</b> Physicochemical characteristics of electrical materials Mechanical characteristics of electrical materials. Wetting of dielectrics
	Mechanical characteristics of electrical materials. Wetting of dielectrics.

Humidity of materials. Moisture absorption of dielectrics. Mechanical
properties of dielectrics. Physical properties of dielectrics. Protection of
insulation from moisture. Thermal properties of dielectrics. Effect of
high- energy radiation on dielectric properties.
<b>Topic 9:</b> Solid polymer dielectrics.
Solid polycondensation dielectrics
Topic 10: Plastics. Electroceramic materials. Capacitor ceramic
materials.
<b>Topic 11:</b> Piezoelectric materials Glass and ceramics Mica and high-
frequency dielectrics based on it
Topic 12: Basic properties of metallic conductive materials. Pure
metals and alloys used in electrical engineering
Topic 13: Conductor materials with relatively low electrical
resistance.
Topic 14: Castings with high electrical resistivity. Winding and
electrical installation wires. Cable and wire marking.
Topic 15: Coil and assembly wires and their classification
<b>Topic 16:</b> Classification of semiconductor materials.
Topic 17: Electrical properties of semiconductors. Areas of application.
<b>Topic 18:</b> Magnetic properties of materials.
Types of magnetic materials, Soft magnetic materials
<b>Topic 19:</b> Hard magnetic materials. Ferrites
<b>Topic 20:</b> Electrical insulating varnishes, enamels and compounds
<b>Topic 21:</b> Adhesives, fluxes and adhesive materials
II. Instructions and recommendations for organizing laboratory
exercises.
In laboratory classes, students develop practical skills and
competencies in calculating and drawing tables and graphs, conducting
experiments, and analyzing various indicators of processes in electrical
networks and systems. The proposed topics are selected based on
opportunities and conditions.
Recommended topics for laboratory work:
1. Electrical conductivity of insulating materials.
2. In solid dielectrics, dielectric absorption and dielectric
identifying energy waste.
3. Determination of the electrical strength of transformer oil.
4. Determination of the electrical resistance of solid dielectrics.
III. Practical for training instructions and recommendations
The teacher's preparation for a practical session begins with studying
the initial documents (curriculum, thematic plan, etc.) and ends with the
development of a lesson plan. The teacher should have an idea of the
goals and objectives of the practical session, as well as the amount of
work that each student must perform.
Methodological guidelines are the teacher's main methodological
document in preparing and conducting practical classes.
The goal of practical training is to understand theory and acquire
skills. Its conscious application in educational and professional
activities consists in developing the ability to confidently formulate
one's own point of view.
<b>Recommended practical topics</b> :
1. Dielectrics under the influence of an electric field.
2. Electrical conductivity in dielectrics.
3. Energy dissipation, breakdown in dielectrics.
4. Electrical resistance of conductive materials.
5. Conductors with high specific resistance
6. Temperature dependence of conductor resistance.
7. Conductivity in semiconductor materials.

	8. Properties of magnetic materials
	<b>IV. Independent study and independent work.</b> Independent learning competence serves to support students' independent self-development and increase the effectiveness of professional activities. Students perform independent work on their mobile devices under the guidance of a teacher in a traditional or electronic form.
	<b>Recommended topics for independent study:</b> 1. Organic dielectrics.
	2. Natural resins.
	3. Artificial resins, cellulose.
	4. Textile materials. 5. Vegetable oils, Bitumens
	<ul><li>5. Vegetable oils, Bitumens.</li><li>6. Waxy dielectrics.</li></ul>
	7. Wood and paper, Lacquered fabrics, Elastomers.
	8. Brief information about inorganic dielectrics.
	<ol> <li>Glass, Ceramics, Ceramics.</li> <li>Mica and mica-containing materials.</li> </ol>
	To. Whea and finea-containing materials.
	11. Asbestos, Magnetoelectrics, Piezoelectrics
	<ol> <li>12. Conductive materials.</li> <li>13. Semiconductor: Germanium, Silicon.</li> </ol>
	14. Magnetic materials, Ferrites.
Exam form	Written
Teaching/learning and	Complete mastery of theoretical and methodological concepts and
examination requirements	practical knowledge of the discipline, the ability to correctly reflect the results of analysis, independently reason about the processes being
	studied and carry out tasks in the current, intermediate forms of control
	and independent work, pass written work on the final control.
	When drawing up final exam questions, deviations from the content of the discipline program are not allowed. The bank of final exam
	questions for each discipline is discussed at the meeting and approved
	by the head of the department.
	No later than 1 week before the start of the final control, tickets
	signed by the head of the department, enclosed in an envelope, are sealed by the Dean's office and opened 5 minutes before the start of the
	exam in the presence of students. Final exam duration is 80 minutes.
	Answers to final exam questions are recorded in copybooks with the seal of the Deen's office. After completion of the final work, the work is
	of the Dean's office. After completion of the final work, the work is immediately encrypted by a representative of the Dean's office, and the
	copybooks are handed over to the commission for verification. From the
	moment of completion of the final exam, a period of 72 hours is allotted
	for checking and posting the results on the electronic platform. The teacher who taught the students in this discipline is not involved
	in the process of conducting the exam and checking the students'
	answers.
	Student(s) who are dissatisfied with the final exam results may
	submit a written or oral appeal within 24 hours of the publication of the final exam results. Complaints submitted after 24 hours from the
	publication of the final exam results will not be accepted.
Scope of assessment	CURRENT CONTROL
criteria and procedure	Purpose: Determining and assessing the student's level of knowledge, practical skills, and competencies on course topics.
	Instructions: The student's activity in daily classes is assessed
	through the student's mastery of course topics, as well as constructively
	interpreting and analyzing the educational material, developing module-
	specific skills, acquiring practical skills (in terms of quality and the

specified number) and competencies, solving problem situations aimed at applying professional practical skills, working in a team, preparing presentations, etc.

Current control form: Activity in lessons Preparing educational materials Working with sources within the subject Using educational technologies Working in a team Preparing presentations Working with projects.

## MIDTERM CONTROL

Purpose: Assessing the student's knowledge and practical skills and level of mastery of lecture material after completing the relevant section of the course.

Form and procedure of intermediate control: Midterm examination is held during the semester during the training sessions after the completion of the relevant module of the curriculum of the subject. Midterm examination is held once in written form within the framework of this subject. Midterm examination questions cover all topics of the subject.

## INDEPENDENT LEARNING

Purpose: Independent learning is aimed at fully covering the content of this course, expanding the theoretical knowledge acquired, and establishing independent learning activities for students.

Form and procedure of independent education: independent work assignments are completed in the form of an educational project, presentation, case study, problem solving, information search, digest, colloquium, essay, article, abstract, etc. Completed assignments for independent study are placed in the electronic system and checked based on the anti-plagiarism program and evaluated by the subject teacher.

In this case, the uniqueness of the completed assignment should not be less than 60%, otherwise the assignment will not be accepted for assessment. The number of independent work assignments, depending on the nature of the subject, should not be less than 3 for one subject (module). Independent work assignments account for 60% of the points allocated for current and intermediate control.

FINAL CONTROL

Purpose: The final examination is held at the end of the semester to determine the level of mastery of the student's theoretical knowledge and practical skills in the relevant subject. The final examination is held at a specified time according to the examination schedule created by the Registrar's Office on the electronic platform.

Requirements: The student must have passed the current control, intermediate control and independent learning assignments by the deadline for the final control type in the relevant subject. A student who has not passed the current control, intermediate control and independent learning assignments, as well as who has received a score in the range of "0-29.9" for these assignments and control types, is not included in the final control type. Also, a student who has missed 25 percent or more of the classroom hours allocated to a subject without a reason is excluded from this subject and is not included in the final control type and is considered not to have mastered the relevant credits in this subject. A student who has not passed or was not included in the final control type and is considered to be an academic debtor.

Final control form: The final examination in this subject will be conducted in written form. If the final examination is conducted in written form, the requirements for assessment must also be reflected.

	written form, the requirements for assessment must also be reneeted.			
Criteria for assessing	5	100		Assessment criteria
student knowledge	grade	points		Assessment enterna
	5	90-100	Excellent	When a student is considered to be able
	5	20 100	Excellent	to make independent conclusions and

	4	70-89,9	Good		independent has gain know, ex of the subject When the able to of the know practice, and narra	, think creativently, apply the ed in practice press, and narra bject, and have et. e student is con observe indepent wledge he ha understand, kr the the essence of n idea about the	knowledge he , understand, te the essence an idea about sidered to be idently, apply s gained in now, express, of the subject,
	3	60-69,9	Satisfacto	ory	apply the practice, express, a	student is found knowledge he understands, and narrate the o and has an id	has gained in knows, can essence of the
	2	0-59,9	Unsatisfact	ory	When it is has not n does not	is determined the nastered the scie understand the and does not is science.	ence program, essence of the
Course assessment criteria and procedure	As	sessment type	Total points		Control 1sk) form	Distribution of points	Qualifying score
	Current assessment Midterm assessment Final assessment		allocated 30 points	ac se pi la	stem tasks Student tivity (in eminars, ractical, boratory classes)	20 points (divided by the number of tasks) 10 points	18 points
			20 points	Supervision: Written work System tasks		10 points 10 points (divided by the number of tasks)	12 points
			50 points	Written assignment (5 questions)		50 points (10 points per question)	30 points
	* Note: 60% of the points allocated for current and intermediate control are allocated to independent work assignments. Independent work assignments are evaluated as system assignments through the electronic platform.					pendent work	
Recommended Literature	Main literature:1.M.T.Normurodov,V.Ye.Umirzakovvaboshqalar«Elektrotexnika materiallari va qurilmalari texnologiyasi».Toshkent.«Mehnat».2004 yil.2.AxmedovA.Sh.,KurbanbaevaD.U.Elektr texnika materiallari						
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